ПСИХОЛОГИЯ ПРОЯВЛЕНИЯ ДОБРА И ЗЛА THE PSYCHOLOGY OF GOOD AND EVIL MANIFESTING

Данная работа посвящена исследованию психологии добра и зла. В ходе данного исследования рассматриваются основные факторы, причины и коэффициент проявления жестокости у совершенно нормальных здоровых людей. В работе приводятся результаты исследования, подтверждающие теоретические предположения. Изучение данного направления психологии актуально и перспективно. Результаты исследований могут быть применимы в различных сферах деятельности человека.

The verge between cruelness and kindness is very thin. Each person has his own definition of these words. However, in the rapid globalization of our world the problem of people cruelness is one of the most dangerous obstacles towards the sustainable development of the society. It can lead to so many calamitous consequences as: aggression, suicide, terrorism, war.

The objectives of the research were to realize how modern people are liable to cruelness, what is the coefficient of their anger. It was important to discover the factors which influence cruelness, and to see how the results of the research may help to decrease the coefficient of anger.

To evaluate a man's behavior adequately, it is not enough to examine only personal particularities. Basing on the world known social experiments by Filipp Zimbardo "Stanford Prison Experiment" and Stenley Milgram "The obedience to the commands" three stages were determined:

- System;
- Situation;
- Personality.

Long term learning of "Stanford Prison Experiment" showed that shy people are more liable to the flashes of evil. A questionnaire was held, involving 51 students and teachers of Foreign Languages Faculty. The idea was to determine the coefficient of shyness and the percentage of those who are more or less liable to cruelness.

Shy people construct small prisons for themselves which can turn into very strong ones to be broken [1]. The strong influence of the situation is very often neglected by researchers while analyzing a man's behavior, but nevertheless it's one of the most powerful factors affecting the behavior. The research helped us to determine three types of people: Low liable (19%), extra liable (21%) and the internal type (60%) (those in between who are always under pressure of the situation an environment). Questions with the highest mark among all the responders were:

- It's not difficult for me to ask others what I'm interested in.
- To see the approval of my actions is very important.
- I think it's important to please people.
- People feel superior upon those who are anxious about their social status.

We came to the conclusion that the majority depends on the situation more than on their personal identity. The analysis of the factors influencing the man behavior enables us to have a deeper understanding of how situation is important to be examined while learning the behavior.

This work has proved that a great amount of the responders are under the pressure of the situation and they have the predisposition to evil. The research can be launched to deepen understanding of causes which make people act brutal. In the further research we want to extend program of working with shy people, involving direct observation of behavior under the pressure of the situation and system. What is more, we want to learn more thoroughly the power of the authority over a man.

ЛИТЕРАТУРА:

1. Zimbardo, P.G, A Situationist Perspective on the Psycoilogy of Evil: Understanding how good people are transformed into Perpetrators. A.G.Miller (Ed.), Guilford Press, NY, 2004.